V. 1.2

Tiam1 Protein: DH/PH domain (1040– 1406) wild type. (Human recombinant, MBP tagged)
Cat. # CS-GE04
Lot A1 Amount 1 x 100 µg
Upon arrival store at 4°C (desiccated)
See datasheet for storage after reconstitution

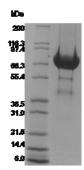
Background

Tiam1 (T-cell lymphoma Invasion And Metastasis 1) is a guanine exchange factor with selectivity for Rac1, which mediates Rac1 activation under a variety of conditions and has been associated with multiple diseases (reviewed in 1, 2).

Material

The DH/PH domain of human Tiam1 protein has been produced in a bacterial expression system. It contains an MBP fusion at its amino terminus. The accession number is NM_003253.2. The molecular weight of MBP-Tiam1 is approximately 86 kDa. The Tiam1 protein is supplied as a white lyophilized powder. Protein purity is determined by scanning densitometry of Coomassie Blue stained protein on a 4-20% polyacrylamide gradient gel. MBP-Tiam1 was determined to be 90% pure. (see Figure 1).

Figure 1. Purity Determination.



Legend: A 20 µg sample of recombinant TIAM1 (molecular weight approx. 86 kDa) was separated by electrophoresis in a 4-20% SDS-PAGE system and stained with Coomassie Blue. Protein quantitation was determined using the Precision Red Protein Assay Reagent (Cat. # ADV02). Mark12 molecular weight markers are from Life Technologies Inc.

Storage and Reconstitution

Before reconstitution, briefly centrifuge to collect the product at the bottom of the tube. The protein should be reconstituted to 5 mg/ml with nanopure water (20 μl water per 100 μg protein). When reconstituted, the protein will be in the following buffer: In order to maintain high biological activity of the protein it is strongly recommended that the protein solution be supplemented with DTT to 1 mM final concentration, aliquoted into "experiment sized" amounts, snap frozen in liquid nitrogen and stored at -70°C. The protein is stable for six months if stored at -70°C. The protein must not be exposed to repeated freeze-thaw cycles. The lyophilized protein is stable at 4°C desiccated (<10% humidity) for one year. Further TIAM1 dilutions should be made in Dilution Buffer (not supplied: 20 mM Tris pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl, 1 mM MgCl₂, and 100 μg/ml BSA).

Biological Activity Assay

The biological activity of Tiam1 DHPH can be determined from its ability to catalyze nucleotide exchange on Rac1 using the nucleotide exchange assay of Bodipy-GDP for excess GDP or GTP. Rac1 protein is pre-loaded with Bodipy-FL-GDP by adding excess EDTA e.g. 0.7 mmol EDTA per mmol Mg $^{2+}$ ions present in the reaction. This sub-stock solution is then used in a dissociation assay format which indicates competition for exchange site with unlabeled nucleotide. The reaction is monitored by fluorescence measurement at 485nm Ex / 535nm Em. Stringent quality control ensures that the exchange rate of Bodipy-GDP or mant-GDP is enhanced at least five fold in the presence of 0.8 μ M Tiam1 DHPH.

Reagents

- MBP-Tiam1 DH/PH protein (Cat. # CS-TIAM1)
- 2. Rac1 protein (Cat. # RC01)
- Exchange buffer 2 (20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl, 1 mM DTT, 2 mM EDTA, 100 μg/ml BSA, and 0.75 μM Bodipy-GDP), note - make fresh.
- 4. 50 mM MgCl₂ in 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl.
- 5 mM GTP in 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl..
- 6. 96-well plate fluorescence spectrophotometer.
- Fluorescence half area low-binding black 96-well plate (Corning Cat. # 3686).



Method

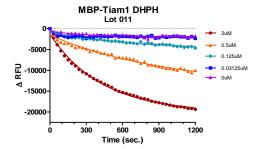
- Place Tiam1 vial on ice and dilute to 0.40 μg/μl (8 μM) with ice cold Exchange Buffer.
- 2. Dilute Rac1 (Cat# RC01) to 1.25 μ g/ μ l (50 μ M) with ice cold Exchange Buffer.
- Add the following components together in a fresh 15 ml Falcon tube and mix well by pipetting or gentle vortex:

| Component | per well |
|-----------------|----------|
| Exchange Buffer | 75 µl |
| 50 μM Rac1 | 5 μΙ |
| 8 μM Tiam1 | 10 µl |

Note: For a total mixture volume, multiply the volume of reagents per well by the number of wells in the experiment, plus add 20% volume for pipetting losses.

- 5. Incubate for 20 min at room temperature (RT).
- Lock in the nucleotide by adding 10 µl (per well) of 50 mM MaCl₂.
- Set up the fluorimeter with Excitation wavelength at 485 nm +/-20 nm and emission wavelength at 535 nm +/- 20 nm at PT
- Aliquot the pre-loaded mixture to the assigned wells and place the plate in the fluorimeter.
- After 5 cycles (150 seconds), place the program on Hold or Pause, and remove the plate.
- 10. Pipette 10 µI of a) 5 mM GTP solution, b) a small compound, c) a test protein, d) 4 mM EDTA (+ve exchange control) or e) Dilution Buffer (negative control) in respective wells and immediately pipette up and down twice and resume reading for 20 minutes.
- 11. Save the readings after the kinetic protocols are finished. The exchange rate can be calculated by reducing the data to max slope (using 12 pts) or Vmax with the software that accompanies the plate reader. The exchange curve can be achieved by export to Microsoft Excel.

Figure 2. CS-TIAM1 catalyzed Bodipy-GDP exchange assay.



Legend: Rac1 protein (Cat. # RC01) (2.5 μM) was pre-loaded with Bodipy-FL-GDP using EDTA for exchange. The nucleotide was locked in place with excess Mg²⁺. Tiam1 at different concentrations, as shown, or Dilution Buffer (purple) was pipetted into wells of a black 384-well low volume plate. At time zero, 500 μM GTP was pipetted in to the wells and the reactions were monitored for 20 min by reading every 30 sec.

Reference

- Mertens et al. 2003. Regulation of Tiam1–Rac signallin. FEBS Lett. 546, 11-16.
- Boissier & Huynh-Do. 2014. The guanine nucleotide exchange factor Tiam1: A Janus-faced molecule in cellular signaling. Cell Signal. 26, 483-491.

Product Uses

- Study of Tiam1 interacting proteins, such as Rac1.
- Identification of Tiam1 interacting proteins.
- Drug discovery tool for Tiam1/Rac1 pathway inhibitors.
- Positive control for Western blots.

Product Citations/Related Products

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